



# H1M45170K

## Product Summary

1700V, 45mΩ, TO-247-4L SiC MOSFET

$V_{DS}$	1700V
$I_D(@25^{\circ}C)$	55A
$R_{DS(on)}$	45mΩ

## Features

- Low On-Resistance and High Current Density
- Low Capacitance for High Frequency Operation
- Ultra-high Avalanche Ruggedness
- Positive Temperature Coefficient Device
- AEC-Q101 Qualified
- RoHS Compliant and Halogen Free

## Benefits

- Higher System Efficiency
- Increase Parallel Device Convenience
- Capable of 175°C High  $T_j$  Application
- Allow High Frequency Operation
- Realize Compact and Lightweight Systems

## Applications

- Switching Mode Power Supply
- DC/DC Converters, UPS, and PFC
- Power Inverters
- Auxiliary Power Supplies
- Solar/Wind Renewable Energy

## Circuit Diagram



Part Number	Package	Marking
H1M45170K	TO-247-4L	H1M45170K

## Description

The H1M045170P 1700V, 45mΩ silicon carbide power MOSFET is an N-channel enhancement mode device. Exploiting the outstanding wide bandgap material properties, this device shows high current density and great switching behavior. Thanks for the excellent thermal conductivity and many advantages of SiC, this device significantly improved in thermal capability and temperature independent switching behavior. With the high stability and reliability, this device also passes the qualification criteria based on AEC-Q101.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_c = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value	Unit
Drain – Source Voltage	$V_{DS,max}$	$V_{GS}=0V, I_{DS}=100\mu A$	1700	V
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$	$V_{GS}=20V, T_c=25^{\circ}C$	55	A
		$V_{GS}=20V, T_c=110^{\circ}C$	38.5	
Pulse Drain Current	$I_{D,pulse}$	$t_{PW}$ limitation per Fig.15	280	
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	$T_c=25^{\circ}C$	375	W
Recommend Gate Source Voltage	$V_{GS,op}$	Static, recommended DC operating values	-5/+20	V
Maximum Gate Source Voltage	$V_{GS,max}$	Transient operating limit (AC f > 1Hz, duty cycle < 1%)	-10/+25	
Junction & Storage Temperature	$T_j, T_{stg}$		-55/+175	$^{\circ}C$
Soldering Temperature	$T_L$		260	
Mounting Torque	$M_D$	M3 or 6-32 screw	1.0	Nm

## Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta,jc}$		0.4		$^{\circ}C/W$

## Electrical Characteristics ( $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0V, I_{DS}=100\mu A$	1700			V
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS}=10V, I_{DS}=50mA$		2.6		V
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS}=1700V, V_{GS}=0V$		<1	100	$\mu A$
		$V_{DS}=1700V, V_{GS}=0V$ $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$		10	500	
Gate-Source Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS}=20V, V_{DS}=0V$			250	nA
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=20V, I_{DS}=30A$		45	70	m $\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=20V, I_{DS}=30A$ , $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$		100		
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{DS}=8.5V, I_{DS}=30A$		16		S
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=1000V$ $f=1MHz, V_{AC}=25mV$		4141		pF
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$			145		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$			25		
Effective Output Capacitance, Energy Related	$C_{o(er)}$	$V_{GS}=0V$ , $V_{DS}=0$ to 1000V		187		pF
Effective Output Capacitance, Time Related	$C_{o(tr)}$	$I_D=const.$ , $V_{GS}=0V$ , $V_{DS}=0$ to 1000V		253		
Turn On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DS}=1200V, V_{GS}=-4/20V$ , $I_D=30A, R_L=1200\Omega$ , $R_{G(ext)}=2.7\Omega$		51		ns
Rise Time	$t_r$			53		
Turn Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			59		
Fall Time	$t_f$			22		
$C_{oss}$ Stored Energy	$E_{oss}$	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=1200V$ $f=1MHz, V_{AC}=25mV$		119		$\mu J$
Turn-on Switching Energy	$E_{on}$	$V_{DS}=1200V, V_{GS}=0/20V$ , $I_D=30A$ ,		194*		
Turn-off Switching Energy	$E_{off}$	$R_{G(ext)}=2.7\Omega$		326*		
Internal Gate Resistance	$R_{G(int.)}$	$f=1MHz, V_{AC}=25mV$		0.7		$\Omega$

\*Based on the results of calculation, note that the energy loss caused by the reverse recovery of free-wheeling diode is not included in  $E_{on}$ .

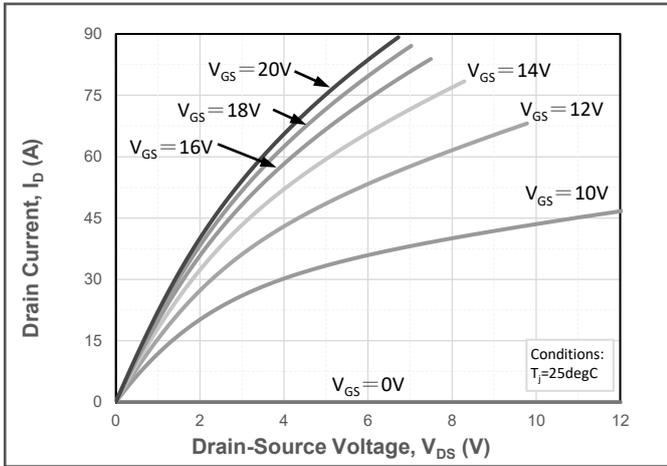
## Built-in SiC Diode Characteristics ( $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Typ.	Unit
Inverse Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{SD}$	$V_{GS}=0V, I_{SD}=7.5A$	2.7	V
Continuous Diode Forward Current	$I_S$	$V_{GS}=0V, T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$	53	A
Reverse Recovery Time	$t_{rr}$	$V_{GS}=0V$ ,	81	Ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{rr}$	$I_{SD}=30A, V_{DS}=400V$ ,	274	nC
Peak Reverse Recovery Current	$I_{rrm}$	$di/dt=300A/\mu s$	6.4	A

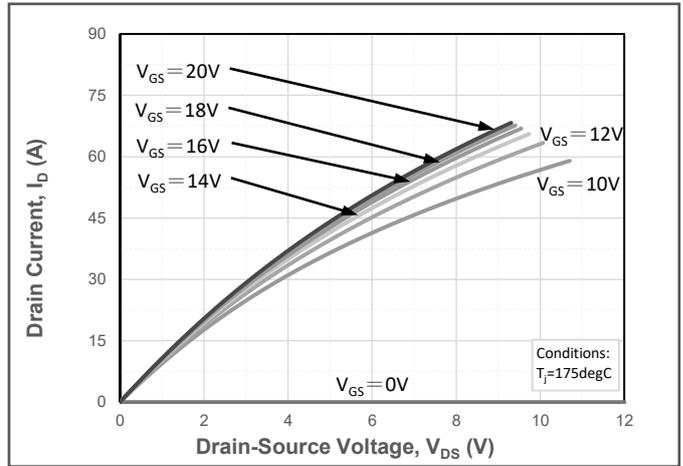
## Gate Charge Characteristics ( $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value	Unit
Gate to Source Charge	$Q_{GS}$	$V_{DS}=1200V$ , $V_{GS}=-5/+20V$ , $I_D=30A$	79	nC
Gate to Drain Charge	$Q_{GD}$		99	
Total Gate Charge	$Q_G$		304	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{pl}$		7.5	V

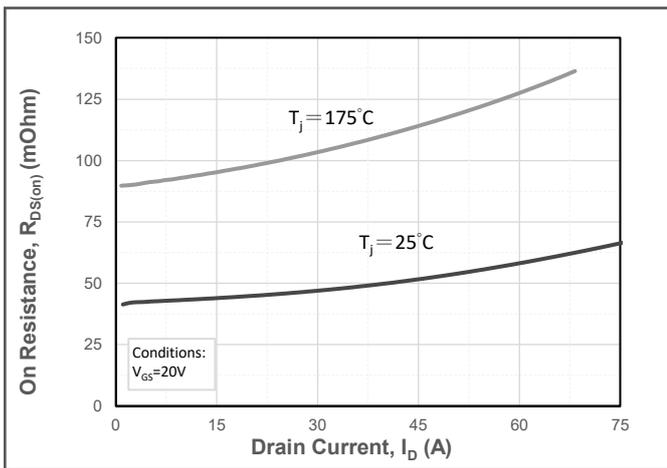
## Typical Device Performance



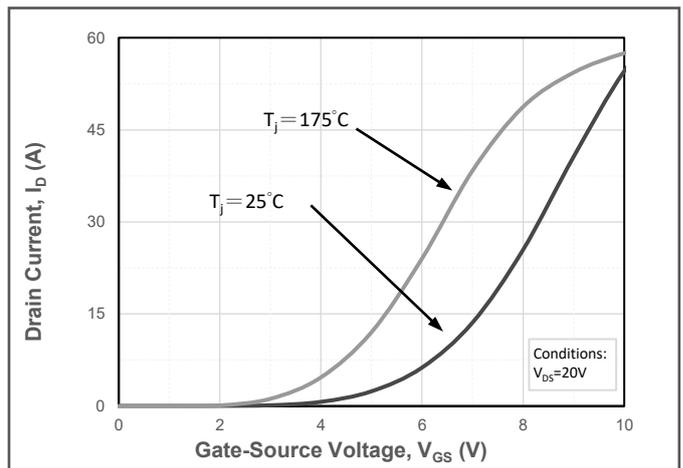
**Fig.1 Forward Output Characteristics at  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$**



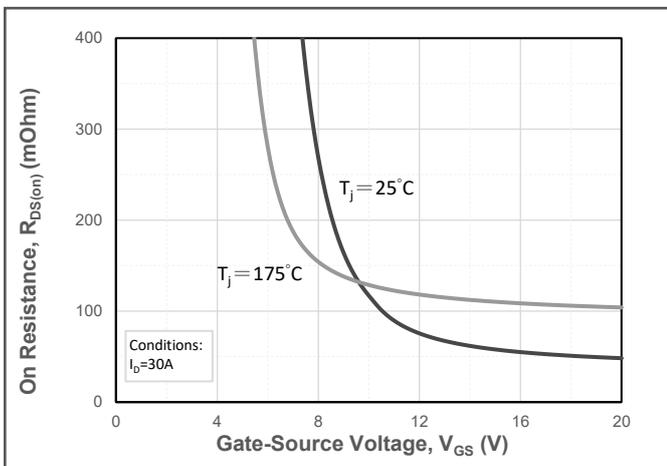
**Fig.2 Forward Output Characteristics at  $T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$**



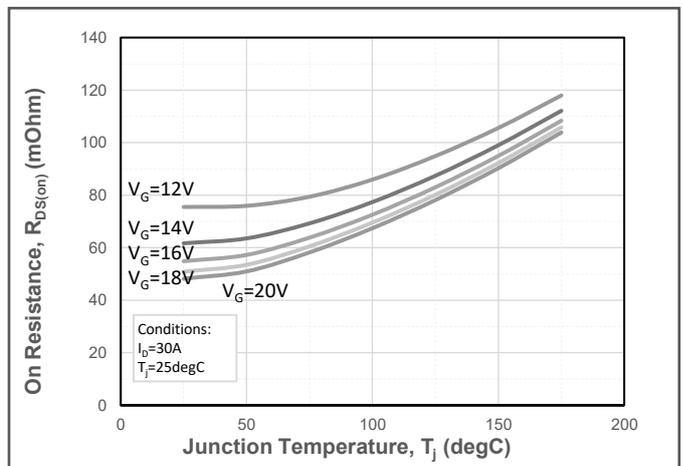
**Fig.3 On-Resistance vs. Drain Current for Various  $T_j$**



**Fig.4 Transfer Characteristics for Various  $T_j$**

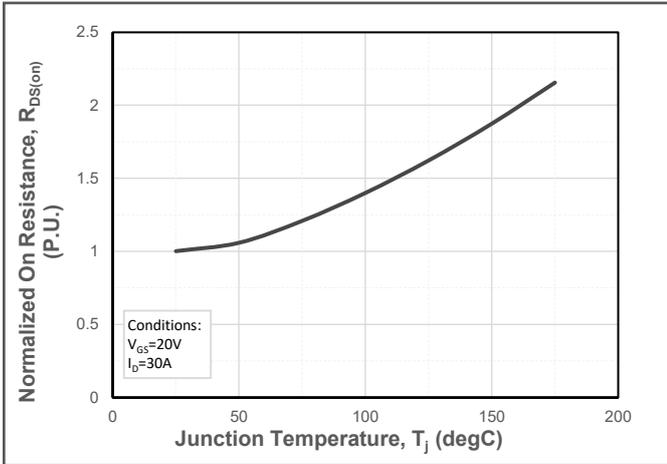


**Fig.5 On-Resistance vs. Gate Voltage for Various  $T_j$**

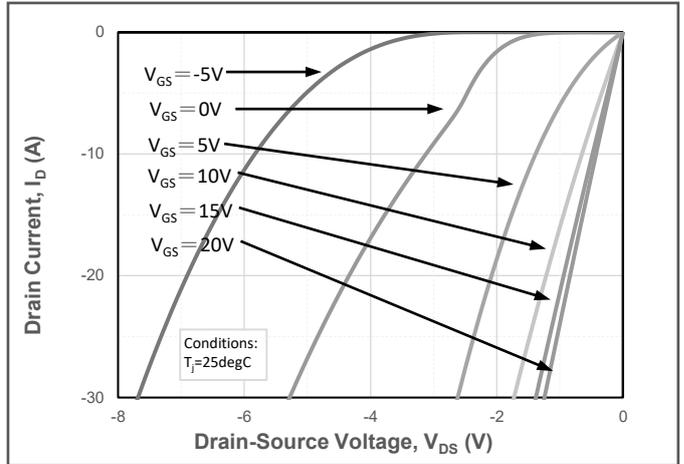


**Fig.6 On-Resistance vs. Temperature for Various Gate Voltage**

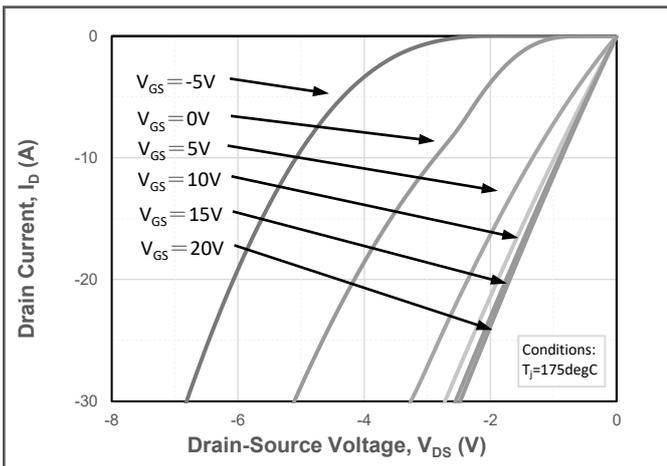
## Typical Device Performance



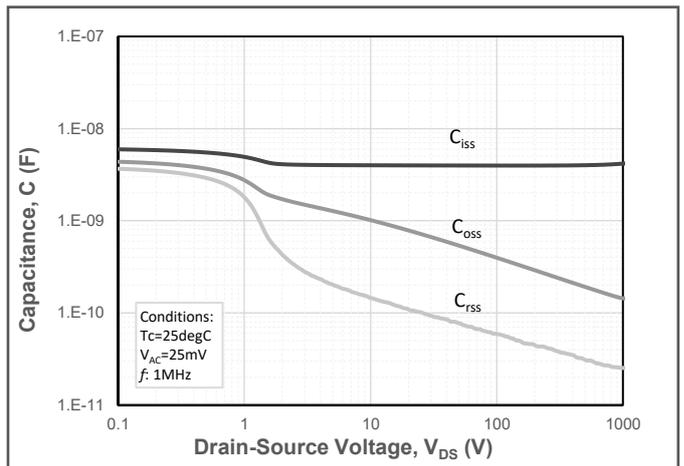
**Fig. 7 Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature**



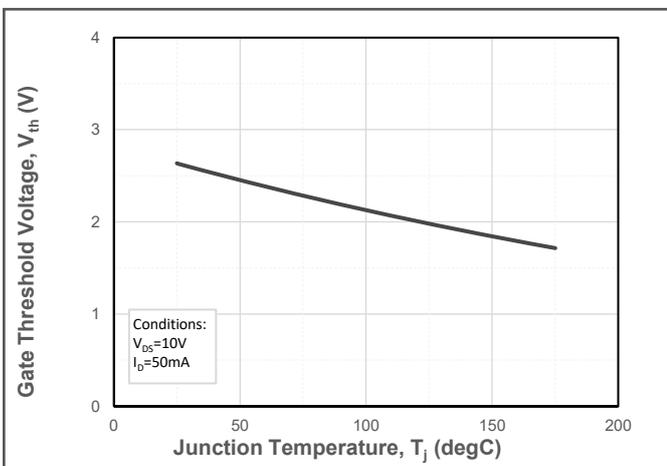
**Fig. 8 Reverse Output Characteristics at  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$**



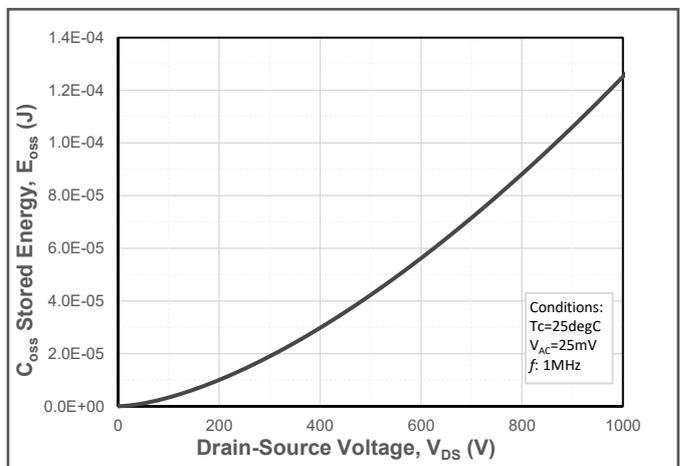
**Fig. 9 Reverse Output Characteristics at  $T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$**



**Fig. 10 Capacitances vs. Drain to Source Voltage**

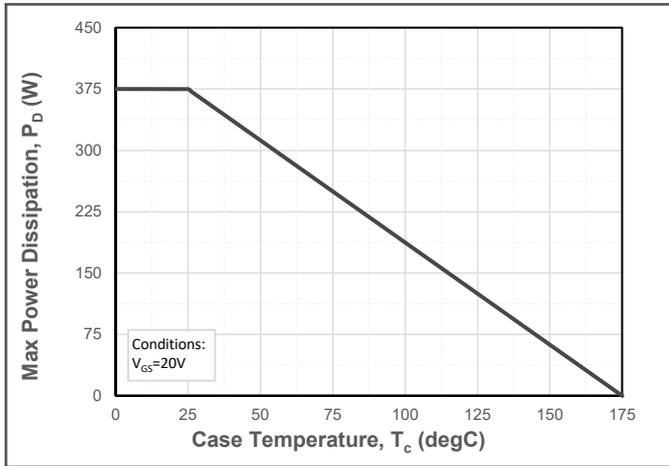


**Fig. 11 Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature**

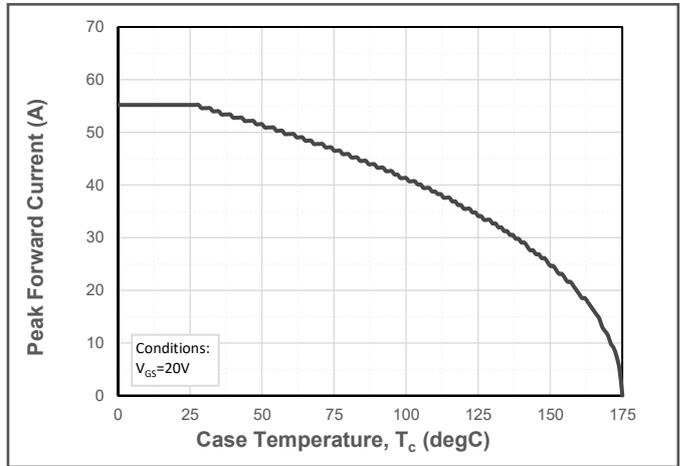


**Fig. 12 Output Capacitor Stored Energy**

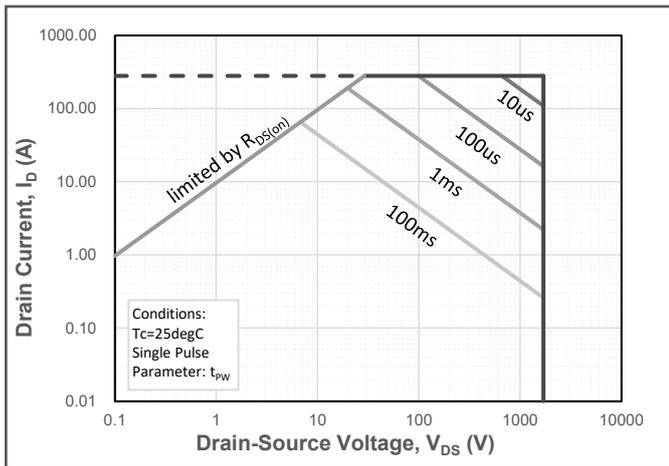
## Typical Device Performance



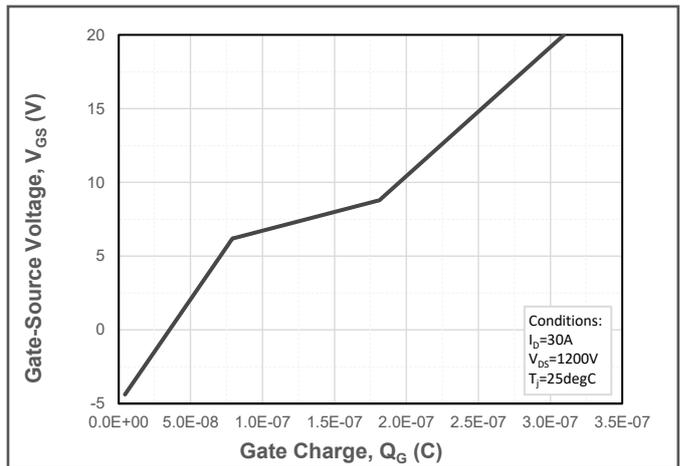
**Fig.13 Maximum Power Dissipation Derating vs. Case Temperature**



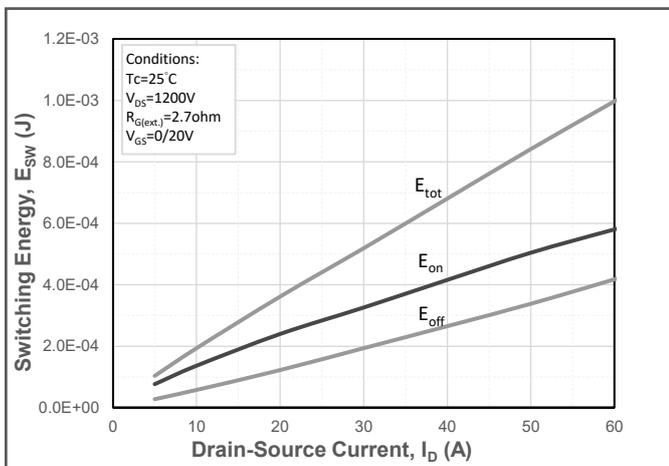
**Fig.14 Drain Current Derating vs. Case Temperature**



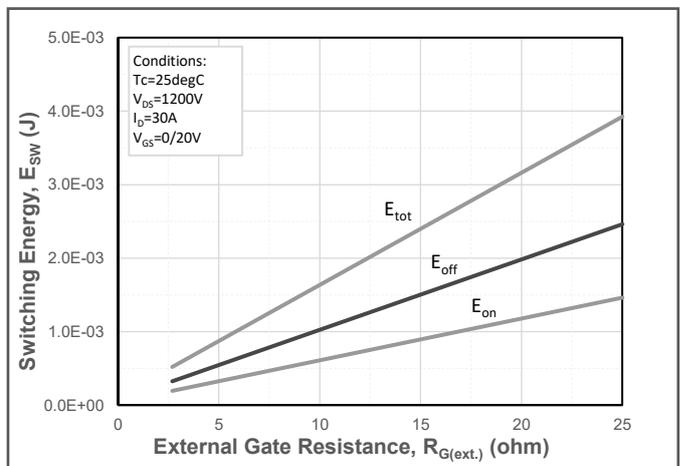
**Fig.15 Safe Operating Area**



**Fig.16 Gate Charge Characteristics**



**Fig.17 Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs. Drain Current**



**Fig.18 Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs. External Gate Resistor ( $R_{G(ext.)}$ )**

## Typical Device Performance

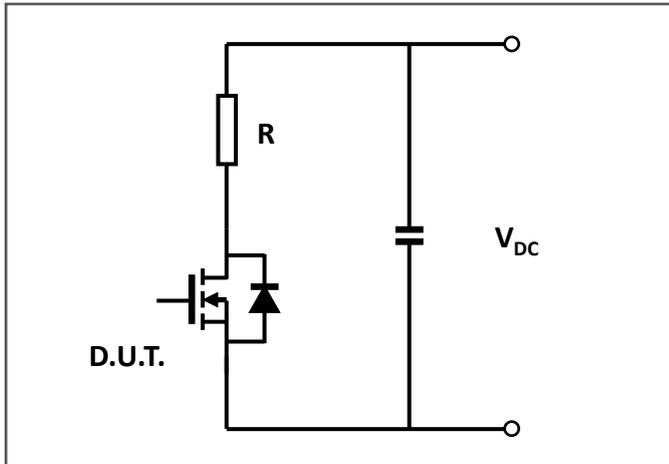


Fig.19 Schematic of Resistive Switching

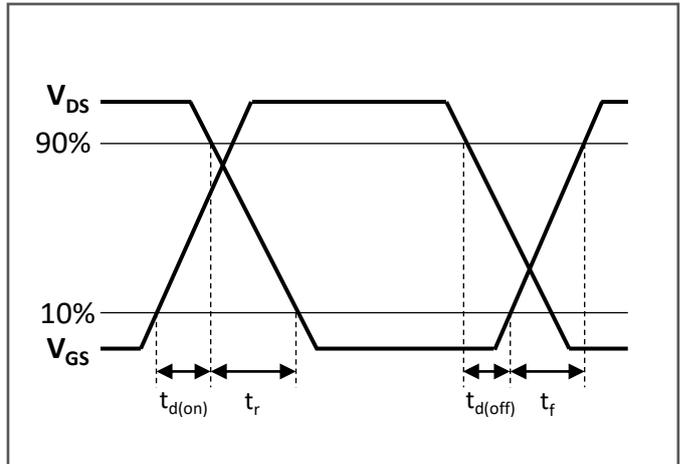


Fig.20 Switching Times Definition

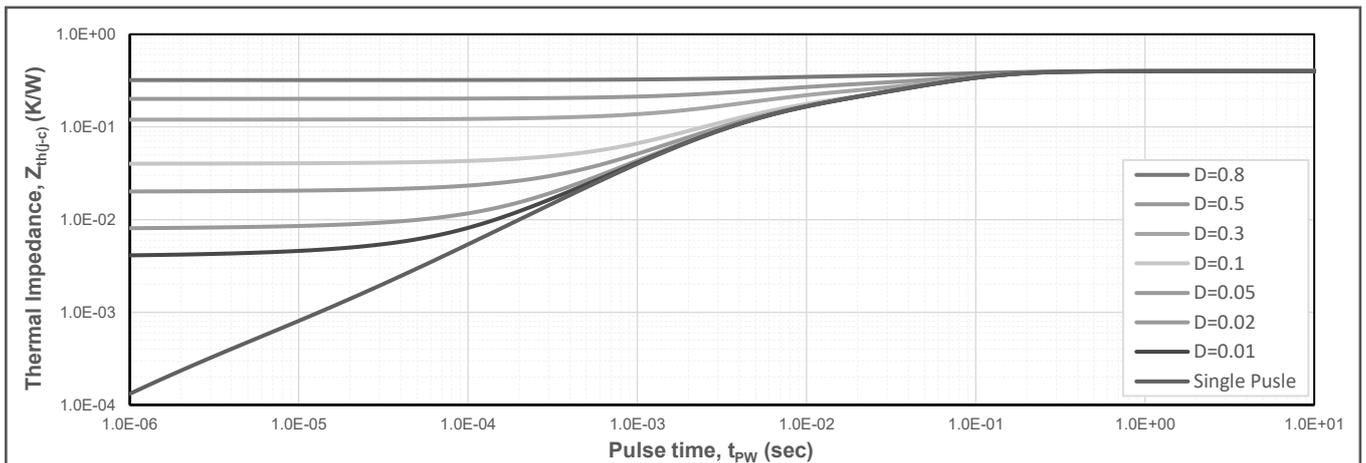
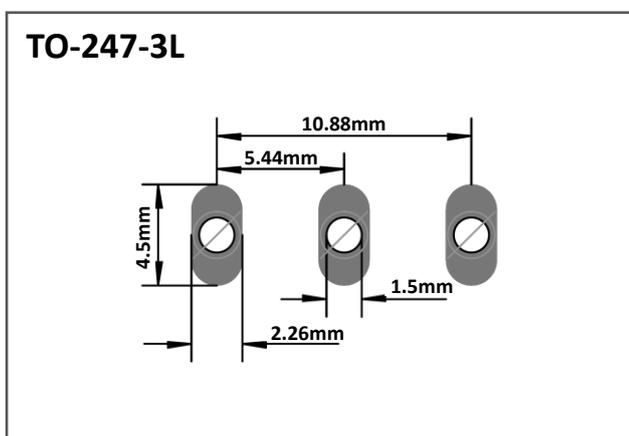
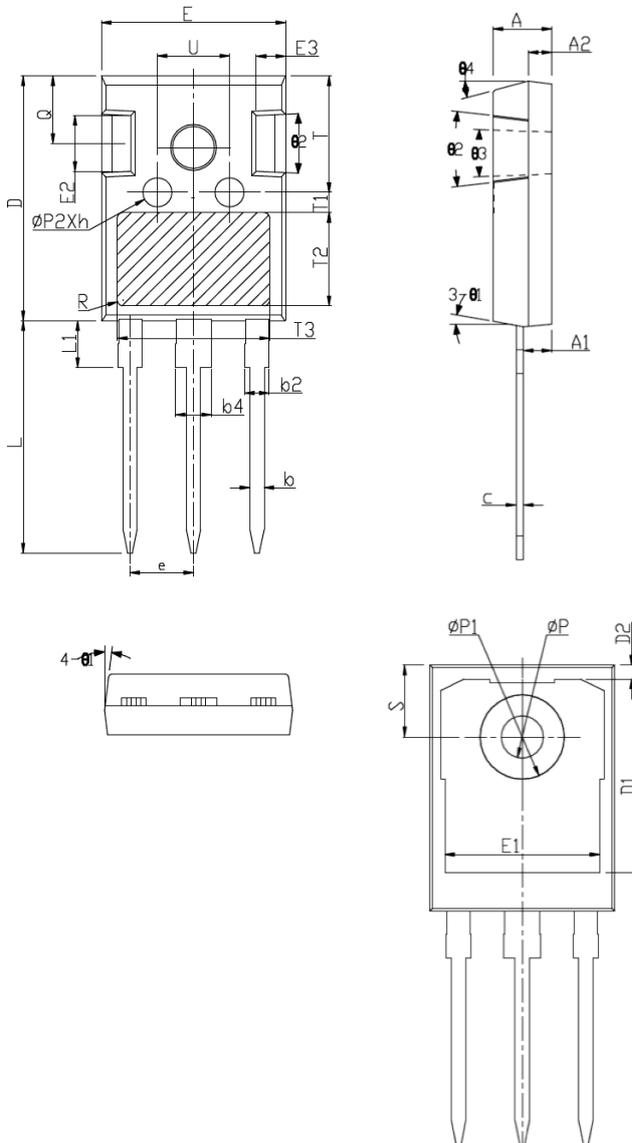


Fig.21 Transient Junction to Case Thermal Impedance

## Recommended Solder Pad Layout



## Package Dimensions



Symbol	mm		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	4.75	5.00	5.25
A1	2.16	2.41	2.66
A2	1.85	2.00	2.15
b	1.11	1.21	1.35
b2	1.90	2.01	2.25
b4	2.90	3.01	3.25
c	0.51	0.61	0.75
D	20.60	21.00	21.40
D1	16.15	16.55	16.95
D2	1.00	1.20	1.40
E	15.50	15.80	16.10
E1	13.00	13.30	13.60
E2	4.70	5.00	5.30
E3	2.25	2.50	2.75
e	5.44 BSC		
h	0.00	0.10	0.25
L	19.52	19.92	20.32
L1	-	-	4.30
$\phi P$	3.35	3.60	3.85
$\phi P1$	-	-	7.30
$\phi P2$	2.25	2.50	2.75
Q	5.50	5.80	6.10
S	6.15 BSC		
R	0.50 REF		
T	9.70	-	10.30
T1	1.65 REF		
T2	8.00 REF		
T3	12.80 REF		
U	5.90	-	6.50
$\theta 1$	4°	7°	10°
$\theta 2$	2°	5°	8°
$\theta 3$	1°	-	2°
$\theta 4$	10°	15°	20°

## Notes

- The information provided herein is subject to change without notice.